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# Ethyl 4-methyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 200 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.124; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.0.

The molecule of the title compound, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, is nearly planar, possibly due to aromatic conjugation of the carboxylate group with the aromatic pyrrole ring. The molecules form infinite supramolecular chains along the [101] direction via intermolecular N-H···O hydrogen bonding.

#### **Related literature**

The title compound was prepared according to a synthesis described by Büchel et al. (1994). For the structure of a related compound, see: Baures et al. (2002). For related literature, see: Cheng et al. (1976).



#### **Experimental**

Crystal data

C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>  $M_r = 153.18$ Monoclinic, C2/c a = 11.3757 (5) Å b = 10.9074 (4) Å c = 14.1470 (4) Å  $\beta = 110.644 \ (2)^{\circ}$ 

 $V = 1642.64 (11) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 8Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 200 (2) K $0.23 \times 0.12 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$ 

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	1859 independent reflections
Absorption correction: none	1468 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
3569 measured reflections	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$
Refinement	

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	Only H-atom displacement para-
$wR(F^2) = 0.124$	meters refined
S = 1.06	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1859 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
103 parameters	

#### Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N1 - H101 \cdots O2^i$	0.88	1.96	2.809 (2)	163
Symmetry code: (i) x -	$+\frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z +$	1/2·		

Data collection: COLLECT (Nonius, 2004); cell refinement: HKL SCALEPACK (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: HKL DENZO (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and SCALEPACK program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997): software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU2348).

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supplementary materials

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# Ethyl 4-methyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

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### Comment

The title compound, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, was prepared as a tentative ligand for transition metal complexes.

The molecular structure is shown in Fig. 1. The molecule is nearly planar which might be due to aromatic conjugation of the carboxyl group with the aromatic pyrrol ring, and packing effects for the ethyl group (Fig. 2).

In the crystal structure, the molecules are connected to form supramolecular chains *via* N—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

For the structures of a series of imidazole-4,5-dicarboxylic-acid derivatives see Baures et al. (2002).

### Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to a synthesis described in Büchel *et al.* (1994). The title compound was obtained upon reaction of 4-methylphenylsulfonylmethylisocyanide with 2-butenoic acid ethyl ester in a mixture of dry ether and dimethylsulfoxide (2:1) under reductive conditions (NaH) at room temperature. After 30 minutes the excess sodium hydride was quenched by the addition of water. After another 30 minutes the reaction mixture was extracted with diethylether three times. The combined organic phases were combined yielding a yellow oil. After column chromatography on aluminium oxide with dichloromethane as solvent and removal of the solvent of the first fraction, light yellow crystals were obtained.

### Refinement

All H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.95 (aromatic), 0.98(methyl), 0.99 Å (methylene) an N—H = 0.88 Å, and refined as riding on their parent atoms with one common isotropic displacement parameter.

### **Figures**



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), with atom labels and anisotropic displacement ellipsoids (drawn at 50% probability level) for non-H atoms.



Fig. 2. Packing of two closest non-hydrogen-bonded neighbours of (I) in a normal view.



Fig. 3. Hydrogen-bonded chains, view along  $[0 - 1 \ 0]$ , 0.0 < y < 0.5 only.

# Ethyl 4-methyl-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

$F_{000} = 656$
$D_{\rm x} = 1.239 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 8547 reflections
$\theta = 3.1 - 27.5^{\circ}$
$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
T = 200 (2)  K
Block, light yellow
$0.23 \times 0.12 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$

## Data collection

Enraf–Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	1468 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: rotating anode	$R_{\rm int} = 0.020$
Monochromator: MONTEL, graded multilayered X-ray optics	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}$
T = 200(2)  K	$\theta_{\min} = 3.4^{\circ}$
ω scan	$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$
Absorption correction: none	$k = -14 \rightarrow 14$
3569 measured reflections	$l = -17 \rightarrow 17$
1859 independent reflections	

# Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	Only H-atom displacement parameters refined
$wR(F^2) = 0.124$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0522P)^2 + 1.2343P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.06	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$

1859 reflections

$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

103 parameters

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct Extinction correction: none

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
O1	0.17019 (10)	0.42295 (10)	0.01285 (8)	0.0377 (3)
O2	0.02995 (10)	0.26964 (12)	-0.03239 (8)	0.0436 (3)
C3	0.18984 (13)	0.26544 (14)	0.12870 (10)	0.0307 (3)
N1	0.33745 (12)	0.23332 (12)	0.27728 (9)	0.0376 (3)
H101	0.4069	0.2405	0.3302	0.0626 (18)*
C2	0.15334 (14)	0.16238 (14)	0.17421 (11)	0.0332 (3)
C6	0.12186 (13)	0.31647 (14)	0.02949 (11)	0.0316 (3)
C4	0.30409 (14)	0.30630 (15)	0.19499 (11)	0.0350 (4)
H41	0.3509	0.3738	0.1845	0.0626 (18)*
C7	0.10894 (16)	0.47856 (16)	-0.08579 (12)	0.0399 (4)
H71	0.0194	0.4948	-0.0970	0.0626 (18)*
H72	0.1136	0.4230	-0.1397	0.0626 (18)*
C5	0.03638 (16)	0.08732 (17)	0.13147 (13)	0.0460 (4)
H51	0.0417	0.0157	0.1746	0.0626 (18)*
H52	0.0274	0.0600	0.0633	0.0626 (18)*
H53	-0.0366	0.1371	0.1285	0.0626 (18)*
C1	0.24662 (15)	0.14637 (15)	0.26568 (11)	0.0371 (4)
H11	0.2483	0.0848	0.3136	0.0626 (18)*
C8	0.1760 (2)	0.59605 (18)	-0.08746 (16)	0.0552 (5)
H81	0.1696	0.6507	-0.0345	0.0626 (18)*
H82	0.1377	0.6355	-0.1535	0.0626 (18)*
H83	0.2647	0.5789	-0.0755	0.0626 (18)*

# Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(A^2)$

Atomic displacement parameters (	$(Å^2)$
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	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	U <sup>33</sup>	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.0391 (6)	0.0381 (6)	0.0306 (6)	0.0009 (5)	0.0055 (5)	0.0037 (4)
O2	0.0361 (6)	0.0550 (7)	0.0280 (6)	-0.0057 (5)	-0.0031 (4)	0.0044 (5)
C3	0.0289 (7)	0.0349 (8)	0.0246 (7)	0.0040 (6)	0.0049 (6)	-0.0026 (6)
N1	0.0339 (7)	0.0438 (8)	0.0257 (6)	0.0035 (6)	-0.0013 (5)	-0.0025 (5)
C2	0.0315 (7)	0.0366 (8)	0.0274 (7)	0.0023 (6)	0.0055 (6)	-0.0025 (6)
C6	0.0288 (7)	0.0367 (8)	0.0274 (7)	0.0039 (6)	0.0076 (6)	-0.0016 (6)
C4	0.0335 (8)	0.0359 (8)	0.0292 (7)	0.0021 (6)	0.0032 (6)	-0.0033 (6)
C7	0.0442 (9)	0.0423 (9)	0.0312 (8)	0.0086 (7)	0.0110 (7)	0.0070 (6)
C5	0.0418 (9)	0.0492 (10)	0.0404 (9)	-0.0076 (8)	0.0063 (7)	0.0031 (7)
C1	0.0395 (8)	0.0392 (9)	0.0286 (8)	0.0035 (7)	0.0069 (6)	0.0011 (6)
C8	0.0637 (13)	0.0478 (11)	0.0561 (12)	0.0024 (9)	0.0236 (10)	0.0128 (9)

# Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C6	1.3408 (18)	C4—H41	0.9500
O1—C7	1.4544 (18)	C7—C8	1.496 (3)
O2—C6	1.2145 (18)	С7—Н71	0.9900
C3—C4	1.381 (2)	С7—Н72	0.9900
C3—C2	1.428 (2)	С5—Н51	0.9800
C3—C6	1.453 (2)	С5—Н52	0.9800
N1—C4	1.350 (2)	С5—Н53	0.9800
N1—C1	1.369 (2)	C1—H11	0.9500
N1—H101	0.8800	C8—H81	0.9800
C2—C1	1.365 (2)	C8—H82	0.9800
C2—C5	1.496 (2)	С8—Н83	0.9800
C6—O1—C7	116.25 (12)	O1—C7—H72	110.2
C4—C3—C2	107.54 (13)	С8—С7—Н72	110.2
C4—C3—C6	125.81 (14)	H71—C7—H72	108.5
C2—C3—C6	126.62 (13)	C2—C5—H51	109.5
C4—N1—C1	109.53 (13)	С2—С5—Н52	109.5
C4—N1—H101	125.2	H51—C5—H52	109.5
C1—N1—H101	125.2	С2—С5—Н53	109.5
C1—C2—C3	106.00 (13)	H51—C5—H53	109.5
C1—C2—C5	126.62 (15)	Н52—С5—Н53	109.5
C3—C2—C5	127.37 (13)	C2—C1—N1	109.07 (14)
O2—C6—O1	122.68 (14)	C2—C1—H11	125.5
O2—C6—C3	124.38 (15)	N1—C1—H11	125.5
O1—C6—C3	112.94 (12)	C7—C8—H81	109.5
N1—C4—C3	107.85 (14)	С7—С8—Н82	109.5
N1—C4—H41	126.1	H81—C8—H82	109.5
C3—C4—H41	126.1	С7—С8—Н83	109.5
O1—C7—C8	107.33 (14)	H81—C8—H83	109.5
O1—C7—H71	110.2	H82—C8—H83	109.5
C8—C7—H71	110.2		
C4—C3—C2—C1	0.30 (17)	C2—C3—C6—O1	171.47 (13)
C6—C3—C2—C1	178.57 (14)	C1—N1—C4—C3	-0.30 (17)
C4—C3—C2—C5	179.78 (15)	C2—C3—C4—N1	0.00 (17)
C6—C3—C2—C5	-2.0 (3)	C6—C3—C4—N1	-178.29 (14)
C7—O1—C6—O2	-2.1 (2)	C6—O1—C7—C8	179.17 (13)
C7—O1—C6—C3	178.68 (12)	C3—C2—C1—N1	-0.48 (17)
C4—C3—C6—O2	170.21 (15)	C5-C2-C1-N1	-179.97 (15)
C2—C3—C6—O2	-7.7 (2)	C4—N1—C1—C2	0.50 (17)
C4—C3—C6—O1	-10.6 (2)		
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)			

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H…A	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· $A$
N1—H101···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.88	1.96	2.809 (2)	163
Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1/2$ , $-y+1/2$ , $z+1/2$ .				







